





#### Introduction to Marketing

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**Airline Marketing** 

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#### Outline

- Definition of Marketing
- The Marketing Department of an airline
- Realities of the Market Place
- Realities of Airline Market
- The Challenges



#### Definitions of Marketing

- Marketing is the role of that part of organisation function concerned with finding out customers' need, specifying the product, its price, telling the customer about it and co-ordinating its delivery while ensuring that corporate objectives are met
- Marketing is merely a civilised form of warfare in which most battles are won with words, ideas and discipline thinking
- Marketing is a process involving the complete company, every department and all staff



#### Marketing is a process for:

- defining markets
- quantifying the needs of the customer groups (segments) within these markets
- determining the value propositions to meet these needs
- communicating these value propositions to all those people in the organization responsible for delivering them and getting their buy-in to their role
- playing an appropriate part in delivering these value propositions (usually only communications)
- monitoring the value actually delivered.

Source: McDonald and Wilson, 2011

# Airline Marketing is difficult as it is a service



- Perishable
- Intangible
- Variability of service provision
- Customers involved in the production
  - Need to train/educate customers about production/delivery of service
- Other people maybe involved in part of the product experience
- Difficult for customers to evaluate the value created by the service





#### Marketing-Mix Elements

#### Goods

Product

Price

**Promotion** 

Place



#### The Four P's





#### Marketing-Mix Elements

#### Goods

**Product** 

Price

Promotion

Place

#### **Services**

Physical Evidence

People

**Process** 



#### Other considerations

Customer skills
Customer service
Employee satisfaction
Shareholder value



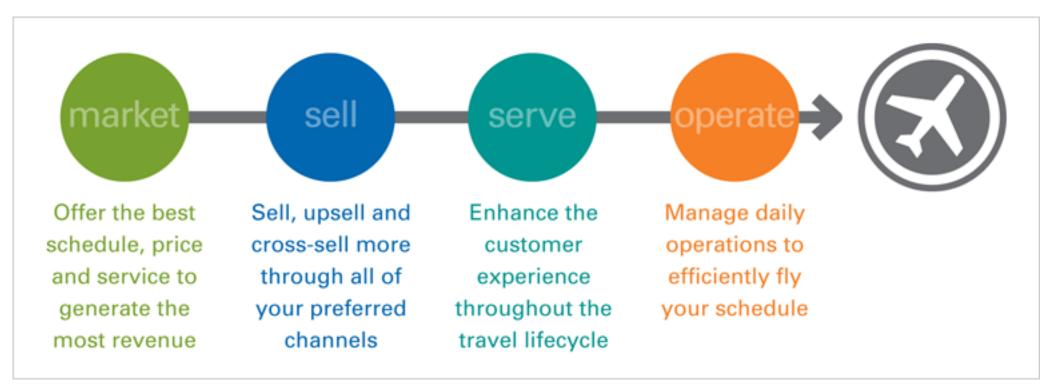


# Physical evidence example - Fastjet



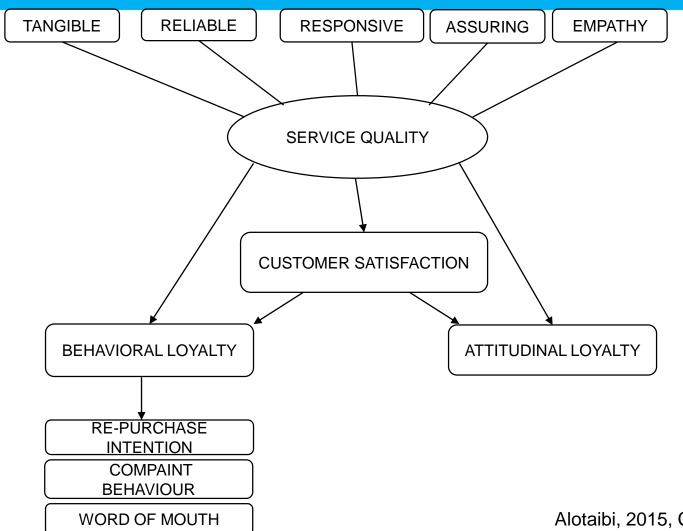


#### Market planning





## Service quality delivers satisfaction & loyalty



Alotaibi, 2015, Cranfield University

### 10 Ways to Annoy Customers (1)



- True lies:
  - Blatant dishonesty or unfairness, such as the selling of unneeded services or deliberately quoting unrealistically low estimates.
- Red alert:
  - Assuming customers are stupid or dishonest and treating them harshly or disrespectfully.
- Broken promises:
  - Not showing up as promised; careless, mistake-prone service.
- "I just work here"
  - Powerless employees who lack the authority, or the desire, to solve basic customer problems.
- The big wait:
  - Waiting in a long queue because checkouts or counters are closed.

### 10 Ways to Annoy Customers (2)



- Automatic pilot:
  - Impersonal, emotionless, no eye contact, going through the motions, nonservice.
- The silence treatment:
  - Employees who don't bother to communicate with customers who are anxious to hear how a service problem will be resolved.
- Don't ask:
  - Employees unwilling to make any extra effort to help customers, or who seem put out by requests for assistance.
- Lights on, but no one at home:
  - Clueless employees who do not know (ie will not take the time to learn) the answers to customers' common questions.
- Misplaced priorities
  - Employees who chat to each other or conduct personal business while the customer waits

Source: Alamdari



#### Product Planning

- Which segment of the market?
- Which routes?
- Inflight products no. of cabins, size of cabins, seat configurations, interior design, IFE, food, toiletry bags,....
- Loyalty programme/ Frequent Flyer Programme
- Ground related products access to and from airport, lounges, check-in, fast track, baggage handling,...
- Branding and differentiation
- Harmonisation of products with partners
- •



#### This





#### Or this?





#### This





#### Or this?





#### Pricing

- Improving yields through revenue management
- Effective differential pricing
- Simplifying pricing
- Value for money
- Market acceptance/ elasticity
  - Additional revenues surcharges
- Innovative pricing
- Brand value and pricing
  - is pricing a function of brand or competitive realities?
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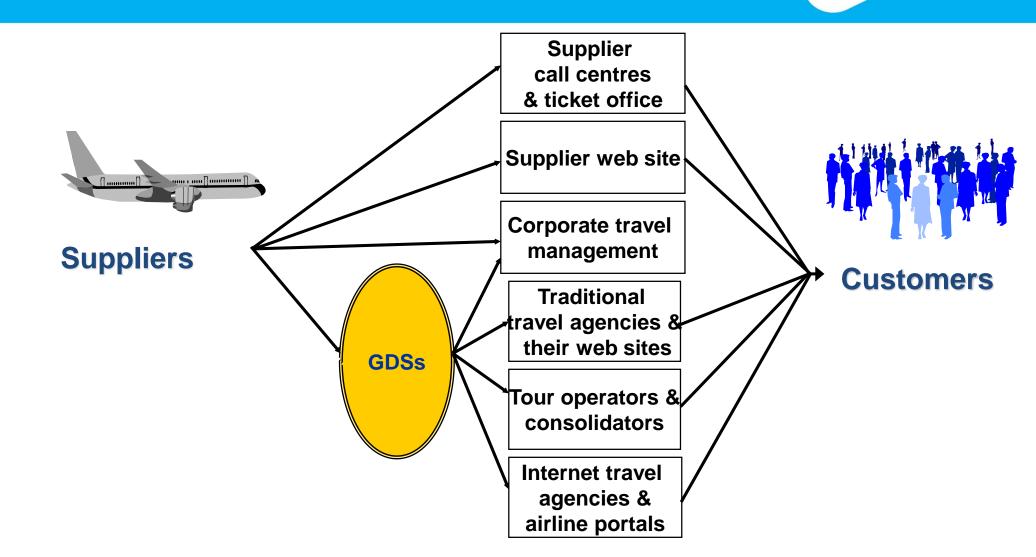


#### Distribution

- Direct
  - Sales offices
  - Call centres
  - Website
  - Corporate travel managers
- Indirect
  - Traditional travel gents
  - On-line travel agents
    - Travelocity, Expedia
    - Priceline.com, last minute.com, ...
  - On-line travel portals- Orbitz in the US, Opodo in Europe, Zuji in Asia
  - Tour operators & consolidators

### Airline Distribution Channels







#### Continuing channel shift





#### Promotion

Defining a distinct market presence and image that is easily communicable to consumers - corporate or tactical advertising

#### Who is the target?

- Travel agents
- Travel organiser
- Families (wife)
- Secretaries (business travellers)
- Travellers themselves

#### Which methods of Promotion?

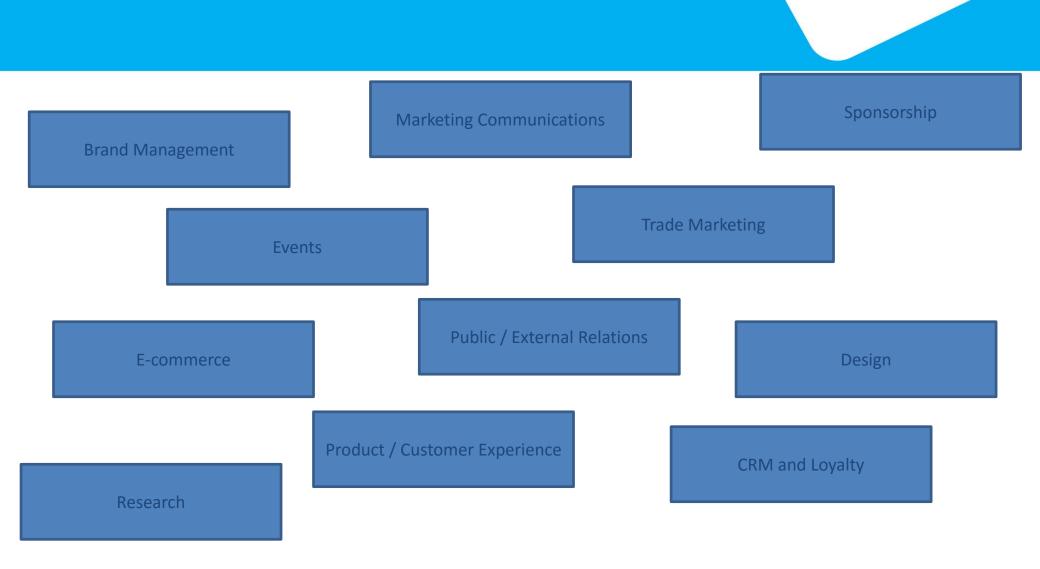
- Direct representation-online
- Press and public relation
- Promotion and sponsorship
- Direct mail
- Advertising (display/media)





- Critical to the running of a successful airline
- Manages the brand
  - external and internal perception
- Closely linked with all departments within an airline







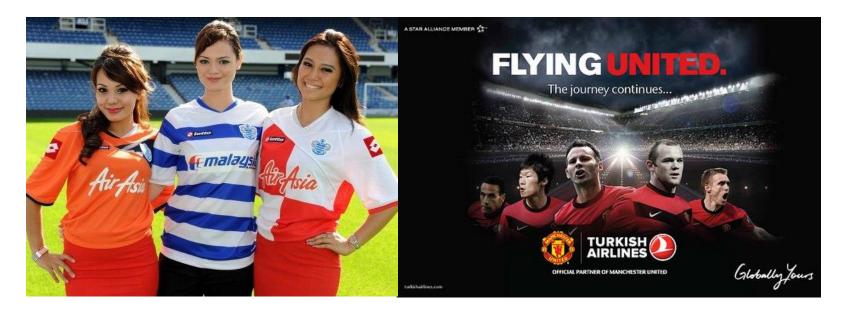
#### Marketing Communications

- Principal functions:
  - To drive and maintain awareness of the brand name in the marketplace to generate revenue
  - Agency management
  - Creative development
  - Delivering return on investment through sales generation



#### Sponsorship

- Principal functions:
  - Drive the association between the brand
  - Assist in driving awareness of the brand through links to strategically relevant partnerships





#### Events

- Principal functions:
  - Manage the events programme for an airline to drive awareness and support marketing activity
    - Events associated with sponsorships
    - New route launches
    - Exhibitions and activities
    - Internal events
    - Sales / finance roadshows





#### Trade marketing

- Principal functions:
  - Drive awareness and generate revenue through targeted promotions towards the trade:
    - Corporate customers
    - Travel agencies
  - Manage communications with the trade



#### E-commerce

- Principal functions:
  - Drive the development of the airline brand online
  - Management of the website
  - Search engine optimisation
  - Development of the brand through social media or newly-developing etrends
  - Generating online sales
  - Generating ancillary revenue
  - Managing online functions
    - eg. Online check-in

### Public Relations / External Relations



- Principal functions:
  - Managing communications via the media
    - Proactive and reactive communications
  - Managing communication within the company
    - Internal communications
  - Crisis management response
  - Governmental / regulatory body relationship management
  - Corporate social responsibility



#### CRM and Loyalty

- Principal functions:
  - Managing the relationship with customers
  - Managing the frequent flyer programme
  - Generating loyalty
  - Generating partnerships with:
    - other airline (within or outside alliances)
    - other service providers
      - eg. banks, hotels etc.
  - Stimulating revenue and increasing passenger 'benefit'
  - Managing communications with loyalists



#### Design

- Principal functions:
  - Developing the 'look and feel' of the brand at all customer touchpoints
  - Supporting other functions with designing work required for:
    - passenger communications
    - employee communications
    - 'new build' projects (eg. lounges)
    - new aircraft design projects

### Product / Customer Experience



- Principal functions:
  - Championing and managing the customer experience across the entire journey:
    - pre-flight / ground / air / post-flight
  - Enhancing the overall experience through product development
    - differentiation versus other carriers
    - alignment with brand strategy



#### Research

- Principal functions:
  - Managing qualitative and quantitative research
    - eg. passenger and staff surveys / industry research
  - Reporting on developments and trends within the industry
  - Supporting the product and brand development processes
  - 'Knowing the customer' inside and out
  - Rationalising the segmentation
  - Competitor knowledge / benchmarking
  - Owning the relationship with industry research bodies

### Cranfield

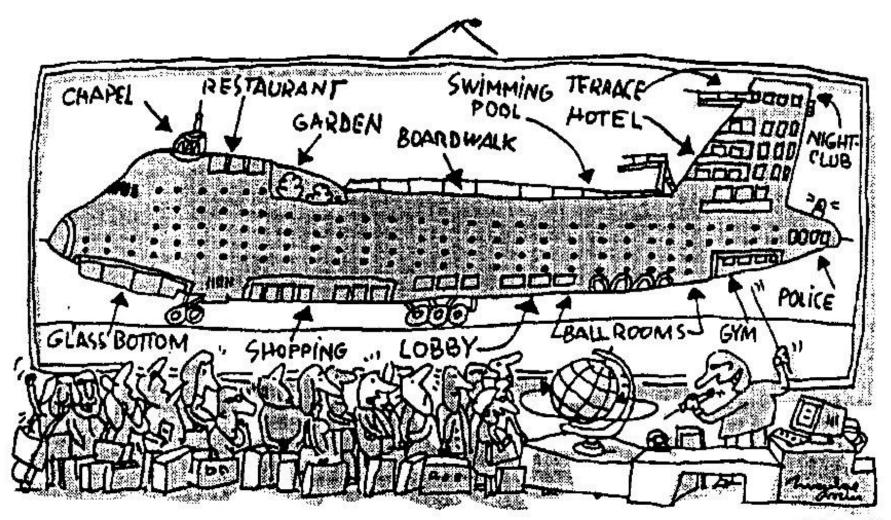
### 21st Century Customer Characteristics

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- Informed/empowered
- Demand service excellence
- Value-conscious
- Internet savvy
- Time-conscious/speed
- Demand individual service
- Demand flexibility
- Low loyalty
- Spoiled
- Share poor experience instantly with social network
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#### The future





#### The future





#### The future

